AllanGray

FUND DETAILS AT 30 APRIL 2010

Sector:	Domestic AA - Prudential - Variable Equity
Inception date:	1 October 1999
Fund managers:	Ian Liddle, Duncan Artus, Delphine Govender,
	Andrew Lapping, Simon Raubenheimer
	(Foreign assets are invested in Orbis funds)

Fund objective:

The Fund's investment strategy is to earn a higher rate of return than the market value-weighted average of funds in both the Prudential Medium Equity sector and the Prudential Variable Equity sector, excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund, without assuming greater risk.

Suitable for those investors who:

- Seek long-term wealth creation

Have an appetite for risk similar to the average person investing in pension funds
Typically have an investment horizon of three years plus

Price:	R 53.03
Size:	R 35 706 m
Minimum lump sum per investor account:	R20 000
Minimum lump sum per fund:	R5 000
Minimum debit order per fund:	R 500
Additional lump sum per fund:	R 500
No. of share holdings:	70
Income distribution: 01/04/09 - 31/03/10 (cents per unit)	Total 98.67

Distributes bi-annually. To the extent that the total expenses exceed the income earned in the form of dividends and interest, the Fund will not make a distribution.

Annual management fee:

The annual management fee rate is dependent on the return of the Fund relative to its benchmark, the daily average return weighted by market value of funds in both the Domestic Asset Allocation Prudential Medium and Prudential Variable Equity categories excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund, over a rolling two-year period. The fee hurdle (above which a fee greater than the minimum fee of 0.5% is charged) is performance equal to the benchmark minus 5%. For performance equal to the benchmark a fee of 1.0% (excl. VAT) per annum is payable. The manager's sharing rate is 10% of the out- and underperformance of the benchmark over a rolling two-year period and a maximum fee of 1.5% (excl. VAT) applies. The annual management fee is calculated on the daily value of the Fund excluding any assets invested in the Orbis funds. Assets invested in the Orbis funds and management fee. These along with other expenses are included in the Total Expense Ratio.

COMMENTARY

Approximately 64% of the Fund is invested in equities (either locally on the JSE, or on offshore stock markets through the Orbis mutual funds). We sell exchangetraded stock index futures to partially reduce the Fund's exposure to local and offshore equities. After taking account of this hedging activity, the Fund is presently carrying a 56.2% 'net' equity exposure.

This is lower than the average net equity exposure of 67.1% since the inception of the Fund; and significantly lower than the 70.8% net equity exposure it was carrying at the end of the first quarter last year. It is also lower than that chosen by many of our South African peers.

However, one should be careful in judging the suitability of one's exposure to the stock market based on a peer comparison. The danger is that the majority of managers will tend to be full of shares close to stock market tops and low in shares close to stock market bottoms. By way of example, a JP Morgan study shows that the average US pension fund allocated just over 30% to equities in the early 1980s, but after a 20-year bull market the average US pension fund was allocating about 60% to equities in the early 2000s.

We believe it better to allow the Fund's net equity exposure to be determined by the values we are finding in the market, rather than by following the herd. With many South African financial and industrial shares trading close to their 2007-2008 highs, and the FTSE/JSE All Share Index up by over 40% over the last 12 months, it should be no surprise that our value-based approach is resulting in a lower equity exposure for the Fund.

For a discussion of the sectors of the market offering the best relative value, please refer to our Equity Fund factsheet.

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BALANCED FUND

TOP 10 SHARE HOLDINGS¹

Company	% of portfolio
SABMiller	6.6
Sasol	5.0
Remgro Limited	3.9
British American Tobacco	3.8
Anglogold Ashanti	3.4
Sanlam	2.9
MTN	2.4
Sappi	1.7
Dimension Data	1.5
Standard Bank	1.4

¹ The Top 10 share holdings at 31 March 2010. Updated quarterly.

TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2010²

	Included in TER			
Total expense ratio	Trading costs	Performance component	Fee at benchmark	Other expenses
1.88%	0.08%	0.60%	1.18%	0.02%

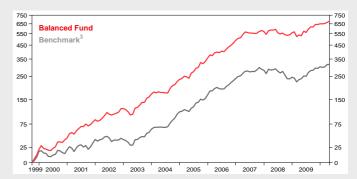
² A Total Expense Ratio (TER) is a measure of a portfolio's assets that are relinquished as operating expenses. The total operating expenses are expressed as a percentage of the average value of the portfolio, calculated for the year to the end of March 2010. Included in the TER is the proportion of costs that are incurred by the performance component, fee at benchmark, trading costs (including brokerage, VAT, STT, STRATE and insider trading levy) and other expenses. These are disclosed separately as percentages of the net asset value. A higher TER ratio does not necessarily imply a poor return, nor does a low TER imply a good return. The current TER cannot be regarded as an indication of future TERs. The information provided is applicable to class A units.

ASSET ALLOCATION AS AT 30 APRIL 2010

	% of portfolio		
Asset class	Total	SA	Foreign
Net Equities	56.2	44.5	11.7
Hedged Equities	8.2	1.2	7.0
Property	0.2	0.2	-
Commodities (Gold)	3.4	3.4	-
Bonds	8.1	8.1	-
Money Market and Bank Deposits	23.9	22.9	1.0
Total	100.0	80.3	19.7

PERFORMANCE

Fund performance shown net of all fees and expenses as per the TER disclosure. Long-term cumulative performance (log scale)



% Returns	Fund	Benchmark ³
Since inception (unannualised)	678.9	316.8
Latest 10 years (annualised)	20.6	14.3
Latest 5 years (annualised)	18.0	14.7
Latest 3 years (annualised)	5.4	3.6
Latest 1 year	23.7	23.6
Risk measures (Since inception month end prices)		
Maximum drawdown ⁴	-15.4	-20.5
Percentage positive months	69.3	66.9
Annualised monthly volatility	10.3	10.6

³ The daily average return weighted by market value of funds in both the Domestic Asset Allocation Prudential Medium and Prudential Variable Equity categories excluding the Allan Gray Balanced Fund. Source: Morningstar, performance as calculated by Allan Gray as at 30 April 2010.

⁴ Maximum percentage decline over any period

Collective Investment Schemes in Securities (unit trusts) are generally medium- to long-term investments. The value of units may go down as well as up and past performance is not necessarily a guide to the future. Unit trust prices are calculated on a net asset value basis, which is the total market value of all assets in the portfolio including any income accruals and less any permissible deductions from the portfolio divided by the number of units in issue. Declaration of income accruals are made biannually. Purchase and redemption requests must be received by the manager by 14.00 each business day and fund valuations take place at approximately 16.00 each business day. Forward pricing is therefore used. Performance figures are from Allan Gray Limited (GIPS compliant) and are for lump sum investments with income distributions reinvested. Permissible deductions may include manager by 14.00 each business day. Forward line, S chock page, STT, auditor's fees, bank charges and trustee fees. Fluctuations and movements in exchange rates may also cause the value of underlying international investments to go up or down. The Fund may borrow up to 10% of the market value of the portfolio to bridge insufficient liquidity. A schedule of fees and charges and maximum commissions is available on request from the manager. Commission and incentives may be paid and if so, would be included in the overall costs. The Fund may be closed to new investments at any time in order to be managed in accordance with its mandate. Total Expense Ratio (TER): When investing, costs are only a part of an investment objective of the Fund should be compared with the investor's objective and then the performance of the investment and whether it represents value for money should be evaluated as part of the financial planning process. All Allan Gray performance figures and values are quoted after the deduction of costs incurred within the Fund should be compared with the investing costs are on an ew cost. Compliance with foreign exposure of up to